Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Chapter 4 Quiz

Write the letter that corresponds to the best answer choice in the space provided.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Which of the following statements about the infancy narratives is TRUE?

1. They appear in all four Gospels.
2. Their focus is on explaining who Jesus is, rather than what happened.
3. They each include the same events and themes.
4. They explain the rituals and traditions that Christians should share with   
   their own children.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Why is it significant that shepherds come to visit the baby Jesus?

1. A shepherd was one of the lowliest occupations at the time. God places no importance   
   on economic or social status.
2. Becoming a shepherd was a requirement for every person—for at least a short period   
   of time. God is here for all of us.
3. Shepherds were Gentiles, and it would be notable that they were the first to recognize   
   Jesus as a king.
4. For the Jewish community, the presence of shepherds represented the presence of God.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Which is the best explanation of the Incarnation?

1. Like his name, Jesus Christ is half-human (Jesus) and half-God (Christ).
2. Jesus is neither fully human, nor fully divine, but he understands both, which makes   
   him the perfect mediator.
3. The Incarnation refers to how Jesus was conceived and born human; the Paschal Mystery refers to how Christ became divine.
4. Jesus Christ became truly man while remaining truly God.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. What does *Theotokos* refer to?

1. It refers to the relationship between Elizabeth and Mary, and also the relationship between John the Baptist and Jesus.
2. It refers to Jesus’ first miracle at the wedding of Cana.
3. It is the announcement of the Kingdom of God through parables and miracles.
4. It refers to Mary, Mother of Jesus, the “God-bearer.”

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Why would we say that Jesus’ teachings are often counterintuitive?

1. They naturally, intuitively make perfect sense.
2. They challenge us to rethink cultural values and “truths” that we might accept   
   without question.
3. They represent what the average person might think.
4. They are logical and require very little extra thought to put into practice.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. What does Jesus teach about wealth?

1. Having wealth is a problem when we keep it only for ourselves, because it   
   distracts us from doing God’s will.
2. All wealthy people will be excluded from Heaven.
3. Wealth is necessary to help us build up the Kingdom of God.
4. The problem with wealth is the actual money itself.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. What does the expression “take up your cross” refer to?

1. This refers to Jesus calling Peter “Satan” because he believed Peter was no   
   longer doing God’s work.
2. This refers to the moment when Jesus was condemned to death and carried his   
   cross to the Crucifixion.
3. This means sharing in the sacrifice of Christ as part of a disciple’s mission.
4. This means acknowledging Jesus is the Messiah by wearing a cross or crucifix   
   around our neck.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. What does it mean to say that Jesus is the “New Adam”?

1. Just as Adam was made from dust, so too was Jesus.
2. Adam wasn’t given free will, but Jesus was.
3. Jesus embodied the union of God and humanity that was intended for the first Adam.
4. Both Adam and Jesus allowed salvation to become available to all people.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. What does a person learn from carefully reading the account of the raising of   
Jairus’s daughter?

1. The faith of Jairus plays an essential role. God’s presence is always there for us,   
   but we must actively reach out and participate with God to change our lives.
2. Since Jesus is proving that he is actually the Messiah to a group of people who   
   lack faith, we learn that faith is not an essential element in the miracle.
3. The presence of the flute players make it evident that Jairus’s daughter was not   
   actually dead, but merely sleeping.
4. Jairus had planned to kill Jesus, and originally asked Jesus to come to his house   
   to show that Jesus was a blasphemer.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. What do we learn in the story about the raising of Lazarus?

1. Martha fully believed that Jesus was Lord over life and death but did not want   
   to endure the stench of a body that was dead for four days.
2. Like many people whose prayers go unanswered, when Lazarus dies, Martha   
   loses her faith that Jesus is the Messiah and the Son of God.
3. Like Martha, many of us would rather not be disappointed by unfulfilled expectations   
   when times get tough, but Jesus wants our faith to be bold and deep.
4. Before the raising of Lazarus, the Sanhedrin planned to have Jesus killed, but   
   this miracle proved to them his true identity as Messiah.